PART I APPENDIX A

CONTINENTAL STEEL CORPORATION SUPERFUND SITE FACT SHEET

CONTINENTAL STEEL SUPERFUND SITE Source Control and Management of Migration Kokomo, Howard County, Indiana

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PUBLIC MEETING

The Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) invites the public to attend a meeting and to submit comments on the proposed Remedial Action for the Continental Steel Superfund Site (CSSS). Oral and written comments will be taken at the public meeting. Oral comments can also be submitted through a special IDEM CSSS toll-free number at (888) 272-1080. Written comments can also be mailed to IDEM before the end of the public comment period. The comment period begins on February 23, 1998 and ends on March 24, 1998.

DATE:

Thursday, March 5, 1998

TIME:

7:00 - 9:00 p.m.

PLACE:

Kokomo City Hall Ralph W. Neal Council Chambers Kokomo, Indiana

AGENDA:

IDEM representatives will discuss:
Site background
Proposed Actions
Planned site activities

Introduction

The Proposed Plan Summary presented in this fact sheet outlines the cleanup alternatives considered by IDEM and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for reducing risks to human health and the environment at the Continental Steel Superfund Site in Kokomo, Howard County, Indiana. This Summary presents a brief explanation of the recommended Source Control and Management of Migration alternatives for the CSSS. The cleanup alternative objectives for each source area at the CSSS are based on exposure levels and associated risks posed by contamination within a source area and by contamination that may migrate from the source areas via groundwater. There are six separate and distinct components or areas associated with the Source Control and Management of Migration alternatives for CSSS. These separate components in Superfund are called Operable Units (OUs) and are shown on the site location map in Figure A.

There are six separate operable units associated with CSSS. Each OU's alternative is presented

and explained separately within this fact sheet.

The evaluation criteria used by IDEM and EPA in making their recommendations have been included in this fact sheet. For more detailed information, consult the Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study Reports, the Proposed Plan, and other related material located in the public information repository (Repository) at the Kokomo/Howard County Public Library (Public Library).

Based on new information or public comments, IDEM and EPA may modify the recommended alternatives or select other alternatives presented in the Proposed Plan. Citizens are encouraged to review and comment on all technical reports and alternatives considered for this Remedial Action.

Site Location and Features

The Continental Steel Superfund Site is located on West Markland Avenue in Kokomo, Indiana. The total site encompasses approximately 183 acres and consists of an abandoned steel manufacturing facility (Main Plant), pickling liquor treatment lagoons (Lagoon Area), a former waste disposal area (Markland Avenue Quarry), and a former waste disposal and slag processing area (Slag Processing Area).

In addition, the Wildcat and Kokomo creeks extend some 20,000 feet within the CSSS. They have been impacted by direct discharge of material, runoff from the source areas, and upstream sources. These creeks are designated for recreational use.

Groundwater throughout the area has been affected by the CSSS operations. The groundwater is included in the CSSS cleanup as a management of migration of contamination component or Site-wide Groundwater.

The four operation-related source areas, the creeks, and groundwater were designated as operable units. The term "source area" is used interchangeably with "operable unit." A total of six (6) source areas make up the CSSS. The source areas of the site are listed below by operable unit (OU):

OU1 Side-wide Groundwater

OU2 Lagoon Area

OU3 Wildcat & Kokomo creeks

OU4 Markland Avenue Quarry

OU5 Main Plant Property

OU6 Slag Processing Area

The site is located in a mixed residential, commercial, and industrial area and is mainly zoned for general use. Residential properties lie mostly to the east and southeast of the site. Mixed residential and industrial areas lie to the north and west.

Site Description and History

Continental Steel was built in 1914. Throughout its 72-year history, the plant produced nails, wire, and wire fence from scrap metal. Operations included reheating, casting, rolling, drawing, pickling, annealing, hot-dip galvanizing, tinning, and oil tempering. The steel manufacturing operations at the plant included the use, handling, treatment, storage, and disposal of hazardous materials.

CSSS was operated by Continental Steel and its predecessors from approximately 1914 to 1986, when the company entered into bankruptcy. The Main Plant has a covenant on the deed which

restricts development to industrial use only.

U.S. EPA Removal Actions

During the Remedial Investigation, IDEM and EPA completed several response actions to remove hazardous substances that potentially posed an immediate threat to human health and the environment. A summary of the removal actions follows:

February 1990: EPA began removal actions at the Main Plant and Markland Avenue Quarry. During 1990, drums at the quarry and Main Plant were collected, staged, analyzed, and disposed. Capacitors and transformers were removed. Some tank liquids were analyzed and disposed, and seven underground storage tanks were removed. Various chemicals were also removed from a laboratory facility at the Main Plant. PCB-contaminated surface soils were removed from the former drum staging area at the quarry. Surface drums were over-packed, sampled, and disposed. A berm was also constructed.

May 1990: EPA staged and sampled many drums at the Main Plant. Tank content samples were collected and the liquids removed and disposed. Capacitor and transformer oils were analyzed, drained, and disposed.

August 1993: The Main Plant area was sampled for PCBs, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), asbestos, and lead. Approximately 90 cubic yards of lead-contaminated dust were consolidated, containerized, and stored on-site. Lead-contaminated debris was separated, stockpiled and covered for future disposal. Lead was removed from several of the buildings. Asbestos presence was confirmed in the buildings. EPA sampled sewers and drained the acid from tank T-18. The acid was disposed off-site.

October 1993: One cubic yard of PCB-contaminated soil was excavated from the western portion of the Main Plant and disposed off-site. Various drums collected throughout the site from previous removal efforts were disposed off-site.

Fall 1994: EPA removed contents and cleaned above ground storage tanks numbered T-l, T-2, T-20, and T-21. Tanks T-14 and T-15 were emptied but not cleaned.

Remedial Investigation Activities

The Remedial Investigation (RI) field program was completed at the CSSS in two phases. Phase I was conducted in 1993. This investigation addressed the Lagoon Area, the Wildcat and Kokomo Creeks, and much of site-wide groundwater.

Phase II of the RI was conducted in 1995. This phase addressed Markland Avenue Quarry, the Main Plant, the Slag Processing Area and data gaps identified from the Phase I source areas. These data gaps included site-wide groundwater, the Lagoon Area, and the Creeks.

Additional data is also available from 1993-94 EPA emergency response actions and from other sources on file at IDEM and the public information repository.

In June 1996, the Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH) performed environmental radiation surveys in the Slag Processing Area, Lagoon Area, and the former laboratory area in the Main Plant. They concluded that there is no evidence of widespread radiological contamination in the areas surveyed. However, ISDH recommended that radiation monitoring be performed on all CSSS materials removed from the site, prior to disposal, as a precautionary health and safety measure.

Site Risks

The analytical data compiled in Phases I and II of the RI were reviewed, and contaminants of potential concern (COPCs) were selected for human health risk evaluation. COPCs were selected for each source area based on frequency of detection, maximum concentration detected,

background concentration, potential toxicity, Applicable Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARs), and the potential future use of the groundwater or property.

All COPCs are addressed in detail in the Feasibility Study (FS), which is available in the information repository at the Public Library.

Evaluation Criteria of Alternatives

In order to minimize the potential or prevent the exposure to hazardous materials, IDEM and EPA are proposing to cleanup the source areas associated with the CSSS. In addition, the groundwater underlying the CSSS has been identified as a threat to human health. The recommended alternative for each source area and the site-wide groundwater is described in separate sections within this Proposed Plan Summary. The Proposed Plan (available in the repository) contains a complete description and evaluation of all alternatives considered. The purpose of the detailed evaluation of alternatives is to provide enough relevant information for each alternative so that each may be evaluated against the nine criteria listed below. The alternatives are then compared against each other to identify the advantages and disadvantages. IDEM used the nine criteria described below to evaluate the cleanup alternatives. An evaluation table comparing each alternative against these criteria is provided in the section describing each proposed alternative. The evaluation criteria are listed in bold print and summarized below: Overall Protection of Human Health and the Environment addresses whether a remedy provides adequate protection and describes how risks posed through each pathway are eliminated, reduced, or controlled through treatment, engineering controls, or institutional controls.

Compliance with ARARs addresses whether a remedy will meet all of the applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements of Federal and State environmental statutes and/or provides grounds for invoking a waiver.

Long-Term Effectiveness and Permanence refers to the amount of risk remaining at a site and the ability of a new remedy to maintain reliable protection of human health and the environment, over time, once cleanup goals have been met.

Reduction of Toxicity, Mobility, or Volume through Treatment is the anticipated performance of the treatment technologies that may be employed in a remedy.

Short-Term Effectiveness refers to the speed with which the remedy achieves protection, as well as the remedy's potential to create adverse impacts on human health and the environment that may result during the construction and implementation period.

Implementability is the technical and administrative feasibility of a remedy, including the availability of materials and services needed to implement the chosen solution.

Cost addresses the estimated capital and operation and maintenance costs, as well as a present worth cost. Present worth is the total cost of an alternative in terms of today's dollars.

Support Agency Acceptance indicates whether, based on its review of the Removal Action plan, the support agency (in this case, the U.S. EPA) concurs with, opposes, or has no comment on the recommended alternative.

Community Acceptance will be assessed in the **Record of Decision (ROD)** (the document that describes the selected cleanup plan) following a review of the public comments received on the FS and the Proposed Plan during the public meeting and the 30-day comment period.

Recommended Cleanup Alternatives

IDEM and EPA believe that the recommended alternatives presented in this Proposed Plan Summary (and in detail in the Proposed Plan) provide the best balance of the nine criteria. IDEM

and EPA also believe the recommended alternatives will be protective of human health and the environment in both the short and long-term. A more detailed comparison of the alternatives is presented in the Proposed Plan and the Feasibility Study.

These documents are available in the Repository at the Public Library.

The Next Step

IDEM will accept comments from the community during a public comment period from February 23 to March 24, 1998. Written comments can be sent directly to IDEM at the address listed below. Verbal and written comments can also be made at the public meeting to be held on Thursday, March 5, 1998 at the Kokomo City Hall - Ralph W. Neal Council Chambers. IDEM, in consultation with EPA, will consider public comments received during the comment period before choosing final actions for the site. The final actions will be developed and presented in a ROD. A summary of all comments received and IDEM responses will be transcribed in a Responsiveness Summary and attached to the ROD. These documents will be available at the information repository when finalized. Federal and State dollars will be used to pay for the remedial action.

Public comments are an important part of the selection process. Proposed cleanup decisions have been changed in the past because of public comment and input. This document serves to describe the remedial action proposed for selection by IDEM for the six operable units associated with the Continental Steel Superfund Site.

Additional Information

Anyone interested in learning more about the Superfund process, the Remedial Investigation, the Feasibility Study, the Main Plant Building Decontamination & Demolition, or the Residential Contaminated Soil Removal Action is encouraged to review these documents related to the site. An administrative record, including the information IDEM relied upon to choose the recommended alternative, is available in the Information Repository located at:

Kokomo/Howard County Public Library

Reference Section

220 North Union Street

Kokomo, IN

A copy of this information is also kept in the IDEM public file room which is located at:

Western Select Properties

Indiana Department of Environmental Management

2525 North Shadeland Avenue

Indianapolis, IN 46219

For further information, please contact:

Kevin Herron, CSSS Project Manager

Office of Environmental Response

P.O. Box 6015

Indianapolis, IN 46206-6015

(317) 308-3115

kherron@dem.state.in.us

Media inquires should be directed to:

Susan Gross, Coordinator

Office of Media and State-Federal Relations

P.O. Box 6015 Indianapolis, IN 46206-6015 (317) 308-3112

sgross@dem.state.in.us

ADA Information

Individuals requiring reasonable accommodations for participation at the public meeting should contact the IDEM Americans with Disabilities Act coordinator at:

Sandie Meanor, ADA Coordinator

Indiana Department of Environmental Management

100 North Senate Avenue

P. O. Box 6015

Indianapolis, IN 46206-6015

Or call (317) 233-1785(V) or (317) 233-6087(TT).

Please provide a minimum of 72 hours notification.

IDEM's toll-free number is: 1-800-451-6027 CSSS toll-free number is: 1-888-272-1080

Glossary

Administrative Record (AR) - A compilation of documents that IDEM either considered or relied upon in selecting remedial or removal actions to be taken at a Superfund site.

Information Repository (Repository) - A file containing current information such as technical reports, reference documents, and public involvement information on a State Cleanup site.

Operable Units (OUs) - The management units that a site may be divided into for investigation/or cleanup. Operable units may be defined by location, media or other commonalities.

ARARs (**Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements**) - Those cleanup standards, standards of control, and other substantive environmental protection requirements, criteria, or limitations promulgated under federal or state law that specifically address a hazardous substance, pollutant, contaminant, remedial action, location, or other circumstance at a CERCLA site, or that address problems or situations sufficiently similar to those encountered at the CERCLA site that their use is well-suited to the particular site.

Hazardous Waste - Any material that poses a threat to human health and the environment. **PCBs (Poly Chlorinated Biphenyls)** - A group of toxic, persistent chemicals used in transformers and capacitors for insulating purposes and in gas pipeline systems as a lubricant. Further sale or new use was banned by law in 1979.

PAHs (**Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons**) - A group of persistent chemicals formed during the incomplete burning of coal, oil, gas, refuse, or other organic substances.

RI/FS (Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study) - Two distinct but related studies of the site. They are usually performed concurrently. They are intended to: (1) Gather the data necessary to determine the type and extent of a problem at a Superfund site; (2) Establish criteria for cleaning up the site; (3) Identify and screen cleanup alternatives for remedial action; and (4) Analyze in detail the technology and costs of the alternatives.

Risk Assessment (RA) - An evaluation of the extent of contamination and the current and potential risk to human health and the environment.

ROD (Record of Decision) - A legal document that explains which cleanup alternative(s) will be

used to cleanup Superfund remedial sites. The Record of Decision is based on information and technical analysis generated during the remedial investigation/feasibility study (RI/FS) and consideration of public comments and community concerns.

Superfund - The common name used for the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Re-authorization Act (SARA) of 1986. Superfund authorizes the federal government to respond directly to releases, or threatened releases of hazardous substances that may endanger public health and welfare, or the environment.

Organic Substances - Chemical substances containing the elements carbon and hydrogen.

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) and Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)
Compounds of primarily carbon, oxygen, and hydrogen characterized by their tendency to
evaporate easily and quickly, especially when exposed to the air and sunlight. Examples of VOCs
are trichloroethene, tetrachloroethene, toluene, benzene, methylene chloride, and vinyl chloride
which may be chemicals that are in dry cleaning fluid, lighter fluid, paint thinners, degreasers,
and components of gasoline.

DNAPL (**Dense Non-Aqueous Phased Liquid**) - DNAPL can be made up of either a single chemical or several chemical compounds. These compounds are heavier than water in their pure form and sink when introduce to water. The largest group of these compounds consists of chlorinated solvents (such as trichloroethene - TCE).

PART I APPENDIX B

BENCHMARK CHARASTERISTIC ANALYSIS OF DATA FROM FIXED STATIONS IN THE WILDCAT CREEK WATERSHED 1991 TO 1997

Alkalinity (mg/l) Ammonia (mg/l as N) BOD (mg/l) COD (mg/l) Cyanide (mg/l) Nitrate (mg/l as N) Total Phosphorus (mg/l as P) Total Solids (mg/l)	21 0.0571 19 1.5210 21 14.576 21 0.0062 21 4.5952 21 0.1395 21 459.66	9 216.3413 43 0.048982 53 0.93215 19 11.90602 38 0.004254 38 3.226739 24 0.103958	2 0.065304 2 109955 2 17.24636 0.008222 5.963738 0.17509 2 478.3232	Median 230 0 05 1.4 14.3 0.005 4.4 0.14 451 15	Sum 4843 1 2 28.9 306.1 0.131 96.5 2.93 9653 605	Minimum 155 0 05 0 5 2 5 0.005 0.5 0 03 396 2	Махінпит 289 0.1 5 6 29 0 025 10 0 3 560 130	Lower Quartile 219 0.05 0.5 11 0.005 2.6 0.08 438 8	Upper Quartile 246 0 05 2.2 17.1 0.005 6 4 0.17 475 35	Range 134 0 05 5.1 26 5 0.02 9.5 0 27 164 128	Quartile Range 27 0 1.7 6 1 0 3.8 0.09 37 27	0.000321 1.492865 34.4099 1.9E-05 9.038476 0.006105	0 017928 1 221829 5 865996 0 004358 3 006406 0 078133	6 844698 0 003912 0 280307 1 280065 0 000951 0 656052 0 01705 B 943828	-0.46638 2.201737 2.206214 0.597737 4.393593 0.3604 0.418419 0.963229	0.501195	0.950095 3 138402 6.425801 1.133041 19.70723 -1.10461 -0.58997 0.83678	0 971941 1.01427 0.971941 0.971941 0.971941 0.971941 0.971941
Sulfate (mg/l) TKN (mg/l as N) E. coli (CFU/100ml) TOC (mg/l) Hardness (mg/l) Chloride (mg/l) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l)	0 17 10.303 17 8.0764 7 4.4571 3 226.33	58 94 562 38 292 7744 53 9 26648 71 7 920193 43 1.852833 33 -320.003 43 6.320634	326.2732 1 11.34058 3 8 232748 2 7.061454 9 772.6761		6075 6500 175 16 137 3 31 2 679 78 9	5 200 7 24 7 3 2 89 5 1	1900 359 14 47 8 54 9 2 480 20	20 294 9 08 8 06 2 6 8	390 336 10 68 8 3 7	1895 159 7 23 1 24 • 7.2 391 14 9	370 42 16 024 5	1353.962 4 068312 0 092387 7 929524 48370.33	36.79622 2 017006 0 303952 2 815941	8 029594 0 489196 0 073719 1.064326 126.9781	-1.27769 0.931513 -1.30948 0.822298 1.714302	1.224745	2.656049 0.133565 2.060675 -0.52155	0.971941 1.063198

Alkalinity (mg/l) Ammonia (mg/l as N) BOD (mg/l) COD (mg/l) Cyanide (mg/l) Nitrate (mg/l as N) Total Phosphorus (mg/l as P) Total Solids (mg/l) Suspended Solids (mg/l)	Valid N 83 83 37 83 82 82 83 83	0.098193 2.027027 22.24458 0.005634 6.001463 0.330361 528.2169	192.7343 0.0777 1.60766 20.22523 0.005161 5.325916 0.257252 494.6881	0.118685 2.446394 24.26392 0.006107 6.677011	Median 202 0 05 1.7 19.4 0.005 5.65 0.18 498 15	Sum 16610 8.15 75 1846.3 0.462 492.12 27.42 43842 1630	Minimum 123 0 05 0.5 8 0.005 0.2 0.04 287 2	Maximum 278 0.6 5.8 48.6 0.018 15 1.33 1036 166	Lower Quartile 181 0 05 1 3 16 0 005 4 0.11 427 10	Upper Quartile 222 0 1 2 3 27 0 005 7.6 0 37 591 26	Range 155 0 55 5 3 40 6 0.013 14 8 1 29 749 164	Quartile Range 41 0 05 1 11 0 3.6 0.26 164 16	0 008808 1 582027 85 52445 4.6E-06 9.452719	0.093849 1.257787 9.247943 0.002152 3.074527 0.334819 153.5509	3 712936 0 010301 0 206779 1 015094 0 000238 0 339525 0 036751	-0.25153 2.876778 1 712177 0 994536 4 445278 0 668075 1 553165 1 032268	Std.Err. Skewness 0.264174 0.264174 0.387589 0.264174 0.265724 0.265724 0.264174 0.264174	-0.07255 10.34935 2.987091 0.396931 20.64767 0.683223 1.244718	0 522613 0 758719 0 522613 0 525618 0 525618 0 522613
Dissolved Solids (mg/l) Sulfate (mg/l) TKN (mg/l as N) E. coli (CFU/100ml) TOC (mg/l) Hardness (mg/l) Chlorida (mg/l) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) pH Copper (ug/l) Iron (ug/l) Zinc (ug/l)	0 1 80 0 83 0 59 60 20 8	294.8795	283 9811 8.94944 7.794846 5.561118 222.0815	7.986154 8.668882		0 05 235485 24475 569 48 473 43 142 3 3370 542	0 05 5 140 6 37 6 97 2 260 10	0 05 90000 396 18 3 8 83 14 1000 46	85 262 7 7 7 68 4 75 310 19	1350 334 11 19 8 135 8 5 385 40	89995 256 11 93 1 86, 12 740 36	1265 72 3 49 0 455 3 75 75 21	1.1E+08 2491 132 7 27218 0 13711 11 02345 56755 36 152 0947	49.91124 2 696698 0 370284 3.320158 238.2338	5 47847 0.35108 0.047803 0.74241	-0.57675 1.220328 -0.04692 0.173136 2.620242	0.752101	0.159975 1.310705 0.5029 -0.26678 7.156787	0.522613 0.613257 0.608492 0.992384 1.48088

Station. WC-60	Valid N	Mean	Confid.	Confid +95 000%	Median	Sum	Minimum	Maximum	Lower Quartile	Upper Quartile	Range	Quartile Range	Variance	Std. Dev.		Skewness			
	83				202	16610	123	278	181	222	155	41	1144 229						0.522613
Alkalinity (mg/l)	83	0.098193		0.118685	0.05	8 15	0.05	0.6	0 05	0 1	0 55	0 05							0 522613
Ammonia (mg/l as N)	37	2 027027			17	75	0.5	5.8	13	2 3	5 3	1							0 758719
BOD (mg/l)				24.26392	19.4	1846 3	8	48 6	16	27	40 6	11							0 522613
COD (mg/l)	83		0 005161		0.005	0.462	0 005	0.018	0 005	0 005	0 0 1 3	0							0 525618
Cyanide (mg/l)	82		5 325916		5.65	492.12	0.2	15	4	7.6	14 8	3.6							0 525618
Nitrate (mg/l as N)	82		0.257252		0.18	27 42	0.04	1.33	0 11	0.37	1 29	0.26	0 112104	0 334819	0 036751				0 522613
Total Phosphorus (mg/l as P)	83			561.7456	498	43842	287	1036	427	591	749	164	23577 88	153.5509	16.8544	1 032268	0 264174	0.792831	0.522613
Total Solids (mg/l)	83			23 85372	15	1630	2	166	10	26	164	16	372 6483	19.3041	2.1189	5.491741	0 264174	40.5	0.522613
Suspended Solids (mg/l)	83	19 63633	15 42339	23 03372	.5	1030	-												
Dissolved Solids (mg/l)	0																		
Sulfate (mg/l)	0					0.05	0.05	0.05											
TKN (mg/l as N)	1	0 05	577 4004	£200 CEE	300	235485	5	90000	85	1350	89995	1265	1 1E+08	10632 26	1188.723	7.258717	0.268909	58.51186	0 531786
E. coli (CFU/100ml)	80	2943.562	5// 4691	5309 656	300	233403	•	55555											
TOC (mg/l)	0			205 7770	301	24475	140	396	262	334	256	72	2491 132	49.91124	5 47847	-0 57675	0.264174	0 159975	0.522613
Hardness (mg/l)	83	294 8/95	283 9811	305 7779	301	24473	140	350											
Chloride (mg/l)	0			10 25 107	8 94	569 48	6 37	18 3	7.7	11 19	11 93	3 49	7 27218	2 696698	0.35108	1.220328	0 311176	1.310705	0.613257
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l)	59	9.652203		10 35497 7 986154	7 92	473 43	6 97	8 83	7 6 8	8 135	1 86.	0 455	0 13711	0 370284	0.047803				0 608492
pН	60	7.8905			7 05	142 3	2	14	4 75	B 5	12	3 75	11 02345	3.320158	0.74241	0 173136	0.512103	-0 26678	0 992384
Copper (ug/l)	20	7.115		8 668882	360	3370	260	1000	310	385	740	75	56755 36	238 2338	84.22838	2.620242	0.752101	7.156787	1.48088
Iron (ug/l)	8	421 25		620.4185		542	10	46	19	40	36	21	152 0947	12.33267	2.757669	0 26859	0.512103	-1 5009	0.992384
Zinc (ug/l)	20	27 1	21.32813	32 B7187	20	342	10	40	.,			-							

PART I APPENDIX C

WILDCAT CREEK WATERSHED WATERS ASSESSED IN THE CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 305(b) REPORT 1994-95

Waterbody	Nearest Town(s)	Status of Designated Use Support	Method of Assessments	Probable Cause of Impairment	Miles Affected	Comments
Mud Creek	Sharpsville	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	21.9	E. coli> 235/100 ml
North Creek and Tributaries	Sharpsville	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	2.5	E. coli> 235/100 ml
Irwin Creek	Sharpsville	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	5.3	
Turkey Creek	Windfall	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	15.1	E. coli> 235/100 ml
Askren Ditch	Windfall	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	1.9	E. coli> 235/100 ml
Cottingham Ditch	Windfall	FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)		2.9	

		Status of	1//-	Probable		
	Nearest	Designated	Method of	Cause of	Miles	
Waterbody	Town(s)	Use Support	Assessments	Impairment	Affected	Comments
Round Prairie Ditch	Windfall	FS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	3.8	E. coli> 235/100 ml
		NS (Recreational)				
Middle Fork River	West Liberty	FS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	7.6	E. coli> 235/100 ml
		NS (Recreational)				
Waters Ditch	West Liberty	FS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored (c)		1.5	
		FS (Recreational)				
Paley Walk	West Liberty	FS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored (c)		4.7	E. coli> 235/100 ml
		NS (Recreational)				
Hutchertson Ditch	Point Isabel	FS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored (c)		3.2	
		FS (Recreational)				
Grass Fork	Point Isabel	FS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored(c)	E. coli	9.4	E. coli> 235/100 ml
2000 2 000		NS (Recreational)			,,,	
Prairie Run	Point Isabel	FS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	2.8	E. coli> 235/100 ml
ranie Kun	roint isavei	NS (Recreational)	Monitorea (c)	E. COII	2.0	E. COII> 255/100 IIII

	G	1994-			
	Status of		Probable		
Nearest	Designated	Method of	Cause of	Miles	
Town(s)	Use Support	Assessments	Impairment	Affected	Comments
Kokomo	FS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	6.2	E. coli> 235/100 ml. PCBs in fish
	NS (Recreational)				tissue. Fish Consumption
					Advisory. No fish should be eaten.
Kokomo	FS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	5.3	PCBs in fish tissue. Fish
	FS (Recreational)				Consumption Advisory. No fish
					should be eaten.
Kokomo	NS (Aquatic Lire)	Monitored(c)(b)	E. coli	2.9	E. coli> 235/100 ml.
	NS (Recreational)		D. O.		D.O. < 4.0 mg/l
			CN		CN > CAC of 0.0052 mg/l
			Lead		Lead > CAC of 8.9 mg/l
					Fish Consumption Advisory. No
					fish should be eaten.
Kokomo	NS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored (c) (b)	E. coli	5.4	E. coli> 235/100 ml.
	NS (Recreational)		CN		CN > CAC of 0.0052 mg/l
			NH3		NH3 > CCC of 0.5 mg/l
					Fish Consumption Advisory. No
					fish should be eaten.
	Town(s) Kokomo Kokomo	Nearest Town(s) Kokomo FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational) Kokomo FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational) Kokomo NS (Aquatic Lire) NS (Recreational)	Nearest Town(s) Use Support Assessments Kokomo FS (Aquatic Life) Monitored (c) NS (Recreational) Kokomo FS (Aquatic Life) Monitored (c) FS (Recreational) Kokomo NS (Aquatic Lire) Monitored(c)(b) NS (Recreational)	Nearest Town(s) Designated Use Support Method of Assessments Cause of Impairment Kokomo FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational) Monitored (c) E. coli Kokomo FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational) Monitored (c) E. coli Kokomo NS (Aquatic Lire) NS (Recreational) Monitored(c)(b) E. coli Kokomo NS (Aquatic Lire) NS (Recreational) Monitored (c) (b) E. coli Kokomo NS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational) Monitored (c) (b) E. coli	Nearest Town(s) Designated Use Support Method of Assessments Cause of Impairment Miles Affected Kokomo FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational) Monitored (c) E. coli 6.2 Kokomo FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational) Monitored (c) E. coli 5.3 Kokomo NS (Aquatic Lire) NS (Recreational) Monitored(c)(b) E. coli 2.9 NS (Recreational) D. O. CN CN Lead Kokomo NS (Aquatic Life) NS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational) Monitored (c) (b) E. coli 5.4 CN CN CN 5.4 CN

		Status of	177-	Probable	3.50	
Waterbody	Nearest Town(s)	Designated Use Support	Method of Assessments	Cause of Impairment	Miles Affected	Comments
Wildcat Creek	Kokomo	FS (Aquatic Lire)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	14.9	E. coli> 235/100 ml. Fish
		NS (Recreational)				Consumption Advisory, PCBs in fish tissue. No fish should be eaten.
Wildcat Creek	Burlington	FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	В	35.5	Fish Consumption Advisory. PCBs in fish tissue. No fish should be eaten.
Roberts Ditch/Moon - Barclay Ditch	Burlington	FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational)	Evaluated		5.5	
Shambaugh Run	Burlington	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)		E. coli	0.5	Sewage from Kokomo STP
Edwards Ditch	Burlington	FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational)	Evaluated		0.5	
Kokomo Reservoir	Greentown	FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)		390 Acres	

		Status of		Probable		
	Nearest	Designated	Method of	Cause of	Miles	
Waterbody	Town(s)	Use Support	Assessments	Impairment	Affected	Comments
Prairie Creek Ditch	Kokomo	NS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	2.3	E. coli> 235/100 ml.
		NS (Recreational)		D.O.		D.O. of 1.5 mg./l
Connon - Goyer Ditch	Kokomo	NS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored (c)		1.5	E. coli> 235/100 ml.
		NS (Recreational)				D. O. <4.0 mg/l
Kokomo Creek	Kokomo	NS (Aquatic Life)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	5.2	E. coli> 235/100 ml.
		NS (Recreational)		D.O.		D.O. $< 4.0 \text{ mg/l}$
				PCBs		No fish should be eaten.
						Fish Consumption Advisory
Kokomo Creek	Kokomo	NS (Aquafle Life)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	4.2	E. coli> 235/100 ml.
		NS (Recreational)		D.O.		D.O. <4.0 mg/l
				Ammonia		NH3 high
				PCBs		No fish should be eaten.
						Fish Consumption Advisory
Zauss/Finn Ditch	Kokomo	FS (Aquatic Life)	Evaluated	E. coli	3.5	
		NS (Recreational)				

Waterbody	Nearest Town(s)	Status of Designated Use Support	Method of Assessments	Probable Cause of Impairment	Miles Affected	Comments
Tolle Dtich	Kokomo	FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational)	Evaluated	В	1.2	
Pickering Dtich	Kokomo	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Evaluated	E. coli	1.2	
Muggs - Ingels Ditch	Kokomo	FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational)	Evaluated	В	2.4	
Martin - Youngman Scott - Youngman	Kokomo	FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational)	Evalauted	В	2.7	
Little Wildcat Creek Ea Fork/Kelly West Ditch	st Kokomo	NS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli CBOD D.O.	6	E. coli> 235/100 ml.D. O. < 4.0 mg/lCBOD, from facility discharging toKelly West Ditch
Little Wildcat Creek West Fork	Kokomo	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored(c)	E. coli	5.7	E. coli> 235/100 ml.

Waterbody	Nearest Town(s)	Status of Designated Use Support	Method of Assessments	Probable Cause of Impairment	Miles Affected	Comments
Little Wildcat Creek	Kokomo	NS(Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli D.O.	6.1	E. coli> 235/100 ml.
Claus Creek	Kokomo	FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational)	Evaluated	В	0.5	
William Vogus Ditch	Kokomo	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	2.9	E. coli> 235/100 ml.
Butler Dtich	Kokomo	FS (Aquatic Life) FS (Recreational)	Evaluated	В	1.3	
Honey Creek	Kokomo	NS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli D.O.	7.4	D.O. of 3.0 mg/l
West Honey Creek	Russiaville	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	4.1	E. coli> 235/100 ml.
Walnut Fork	Russiaville	FS (Aquatic Life)	Evaluated	В	1.7	

Waterbody	Nearest Do Town(s)	Status of esignated Use Support	Method of Assessments	Probable Cause of Impairment	Miles Affected	Comments
Petes Run/Burc Division Ditch	chard Burlington	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	В	5.8	E. coli> 235/100 ml.
Hurricane Creek	Č	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Evaluated	E. coli	3.3	
South Fork Wildcat Creek	Entire Length	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	41	
Middle Fork W Creek	ildcat Hillsburg	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (RecrCational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	33 A	gricultural activity.
Silverthorn Trib	outary Rossville	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	2.6	Agricultural activity. Limited use Stream.
Cambells Run	Rossville	FS (Aquatic Life) NS (Recreational)	Monitored (c)	E. coli	14	Agricultural activity.
NS: Non S	ıl Support Support Support	b: Biological c: Chemical				

PART I APPENDIX D

LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL
WATERSHED STAKEHOLDERS
WILDCAT CREEK WATERSHED

Carroll County

Carroll County Health Department Courthouse, 101 W Main Delphi, IN 46923-1566 (765) 564-3420

Carroll County SWCD 1523 N. US Hwy. 421, Suite #2 Delphi, IN 46923-9396 (765) 564-4480

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service - Carroll County 1523 N. U.S. Highway 421, Suite 3 Delphi, IN 46923-0317 (765) 564-3169

Carroll County Plan Comm 101 W Main St Delphi, IN (765) 564-4468

Carroll County Surveyor 101 W Main St Delphi, IN (765) 564-3310

US Consolidated Farm Svc Agcy 1523 N US Highway 421 Delphi, IN (765) 564-2849

Clinton County

Clinton County Health Department 211 North Jackson Street Frankfort, IN 46041-1936 (765) 659-6385

Community Planner Clinton County 185 Courthouse Square Frankfort, IN 40041 (765) 659-0200

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service -Clinton County 1701 South Jackson Frankfort, IN 46041 (765) 659-6380 Frankfort, IN (765) 659-1223 Frito-Lay, Inc. 323 South County Road 300 West Frankfort, IN 46041 (765) 659-6575

Precision Power 7701 North County Road 500 West Rossville, IN 46065-9506

Clinton County SWCD Locally-Led Watershed Group 860 S. Prairie Ave, Suite 1 Frankfort, IN 46041-7439 (765) 659-3971

City of Frankfort Mayor Harold Woodruff 301 E Clinton St Frankfort. IN 46041

Clinton County Chamber of Commerce 52 West Clinton Street Frankfort, IN 46041

Clinton Area Planning Comm 180 Courthouse Sq Frankfort, IN (765) 659-6302

Clinton County Commissioners 125 Courthouse Sq Frankfort, IN (765) 659-6309

Clinton County Surveyor 165 Courthouse Sq Frankfort, IN (765) 659-6300

Frankfort Mayor's Office 301 E Clinton St Frankfort, IN (765) 654-7332

Frankfort Wastewater Treatment 45 W County Road 100 N Frankfort, IN (765) 659-4741

Farm Svc Agcy 860 S Prairie Ave # 2 **Grant County**

Grant County Health Department

Courthouse Complex, 401 S Adams St Marion, IN 46953-2031 (765) 651-2404

Grant County SWCD 1113 East 4th Street Marion, IN 46952-4211 (765) 668-8985

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service - Grant County 401 S. Adams Street

401 S. Adams Street Marion, IN 46953-2035 (765) 651-2413

Grant County Commissioners Ofc 401 S Adams St Marion, IN (765) 668-8871

Grant County Surveyors Office 401 S Adams St Marion, IN (765) 668-8871

US Consolidated Farm Svc Agcy 1111 E 4th St Marion, IN (765) 668-8983

Howard County

Howard County Health Department Division of Environmental Health 120 E. Mulberry Street Room 210 Kokomo, IN 46901-4657 (765) 456-22408

Kokomo - Howard County Plan Commission 120 E. Mulberry Suite #114 Kokomo, IN 46901 (765) 456-2330

Howard County Solid Waste District 120 E. Mulberry Street Kokomo, IN 46901

Indiana American Water Co. P.O. Box 740 Kokomo, IN 46903 (765) 457-5563 Anderson, IN 46016-1582 (765) 641-9524

Madison County SWCD

Howard County SWCD 1103 S. Goyer Road Kokomo, IN 46902-2777 (765) 452-3865

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service -Howard County Howard County Government Building Suite 105, 120 E. Mulberry Kokomo, IN 46901-4660

City of Kokomo Mayor=s Office 100 S. Union Street Kokomo, IN 46901

Kokomo Chamber of Commerce 106 N Washington St Kokomo, IN 46901

Howard County Commissioners 117 N Main St Kokomo, IN (765) 456-2234

Howard County Surveyor 104 N Buckeye St Kokomo, IN (765) 456-2217

Kokomo Municipal Sanitation 100 S Union St Kokomo, IN (765) 456-7360

Kokomo Wastewater Treatment 1501 W Markland Ave Kokomo, IN (765) 457-5509

US Consolidated Farm Svc Agcy 1103 S Goyer Rd Kokomo, IN (765) 457-2114

Madison County

Madison County Health Department County Gov't Center, 16 E 9th St

2200 Madison Square Suite D Anderson, IN 46011-9548 (765) 644-8530

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service - Madison County Madison County Gov=t Center, 16 E 9th St. Anderson, IN 46016-1538 (765) 641-9517

Madison County Commissioner 16 E 9th St Anderson, IN (765) 641-9474

Madison County Drainage Board 16 E 9th St Anderson, IN (765) 641-9687

Madison County Surveyor 16 E 9th St Anderson, IN (765) 641-9638

Madison Planning Commission 16 E 9th St Anderson, IN (765) 641-9541

US Consolidated Farm Svc Agcy 2200 Madison Sq #C Anderson, IN (765) 644-4249

Tippecanoe County

Tippecanoe County Health Department 20 N 3rd St Lafayette, IN 47901-1211 (765) 423-9221

Tippecanoe County Parks Dept. 4449 St. Rd. 43 N W. Lafayette, IN 46923

Greater Lafayette Chamber of Commerce Purdue University 1665 L.J. Freehafer Hall 401 South Grant Street West Lafayette, IN 47907-1665 (765) 494-4637

Tippecanoe County SWCD 1000 S Main St Tipton, IN 46072-1901 (765) 675-8741

Tipton County SWCD 243 Ash Street

Locally-Led Watershed Group 184 Professional Court Lafayette, IN 47905-5153 (765) 448-1810

City of Lafayette Mayor David Heath City Hall 20 North 6th Street Lafayette, IN 47901

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service -Tippecanoe County 3150 Sagamore Parkway South Lafayette, IN 47905-5156 (765) 474-0793

Lafayette Water Pollution Cntl 1700 Wabash Ave Lafayette, IN (765) 742-1424

Tippecanoe Area Planning 20 N 3rd St Lafayette, IN (765) 423-9242

Tippecanoe Cnty Commissioners 20 N 3rd St Lafayette, IN (765) 423-9215

Tippecanoe County Drainage Brd 20 N 3rd St Lafayette, IN (765) 423-9228

Tippecanoe County Surveyor 20 N 3rd St Lafayette, IN (765) 423-9228

US Consolidated Farm Svc Agcy 180 Professional Ct Lafayette, IN (765) 448-1805

Tipton County

Tipton County Health Department Box 303A Tipton, IN 46072-1927 (765) 675-7836

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service - Tipton County

101 E. Jeferson Street P.O. Box 70 Tipton, IN 46072-0070 (765) 675-2694

Tipton County Solid Waste Mgmt 957 E Jefferson St Tipton, IN (765) 675-9006

Tipton County Commissioners 101 E Jefferson St Tipton, IN (765) 675-7921

Tipton County Farm Svc Agency 243 Ash St Tipton, IN (765) 675-2316

Tipton County Planning Comm 101 E Jefferson St #111 Tipton, IN (765) 675-6063

Watershed-wide

Wildcat Creek Solid Waste District 2780 N 9th Street Rd Lafayette, IN (765) 423-2858

Indiana Rivers, Inc. 2509 Kickapoo Dr. Lafayette, IN 47905 (765) 477-7948

Wildcat Creek Foundation 4050 Sylvan Trail W. Lafayette, IN 47906

Wildcat Guardians P.O. Box 6421 Kokomo, IN 46904-6421 (765) 628-3155

Wildcat Creek Advisory Group Indiana Department of Natural Resources 402 W. Washington Street, W271 Indianapolis, IN 46204 (317) 232-4070

Hoosier Environmental Council 1002 E. Washington Suite 300 Indianapolis, IN 46202 (317) 685-8800

Indiana Farm Bureau			
225 S East St		Division of Fish & Wildlife	(317) 232-4080
Indianapolis, IN 46202		Division of Forestry	(317)-232-4105
Indiana Department of Environmental 100 N. Senate Ave	Management	Division of Historic	
P.O. Box 6015		Preservation & Archaeology	(317) 232-1646
Indianapolis, IN 46206-6015		Division of Law Enforcement	(317) 232-4010
IDEM Switchboard			
(317) 232-8603 or (800) 451-6027		Division of Nature Preserves	(317)-232-4052
Agricultural Liaison	(317) 232-8587	Division of Oil and Gas	(317) 232-4055
Air Management	(317) 233-0178	Division of Outdoor Recreation	(317)-232-4070
Community Relations	(317) 233-6648	Division of Public	(217) 222 1200
Compliance and		Information and Education	(317) 232-4200
Technical Assistance	(317) 232-8172	Division of Reclamation	(317)-232-1547
Criminal		Division of Safety and Training	(317) 232-4145
Investigations	(317) 232-8128		(= 1)
Enforcement	(317) 233-5529	Division of Soil Conservation	(317)-233-3870
	` '	Division of State	
Environmental	(217) 209 2017	Parks and Reservoirs	(317)-232-4124
Response	(317) 308-3017	Division of Water	(317)-232-4160
Legal Counsel	(317) 232-8493		,
Media and		Indiana State Department of Health 2 North Meridian St.	
Communication		Indianapolis, IN 46204	
Services	(317) 232-8560	(317) 233-1325	
Pollution Prevention			
and Technical	(215) 222 0152		
Assistance	(317) 232-8172		
Solid and Hazardous			
Waste Management	(317) 233-3656		
Water Management	(317) 232-8670		
Indiana Department of Natural Resource 402 West Washington Street Indianapolis, IN 46204-2748	ces		
IDNR Field Representatives are located i County SWCDs.	n the individual		
Division of Engineering	(317) 232-4150		
Division of Entomology and Plant Pathology	(317) 232-4120		

Natural Resources Conservation Service

6013 Lakeside Blvd Indianapolis, In 46278 (317) 290-3200

NRCS Field Representatives are located in the individual Counties.

U.S. EPA Region 5

77 West Jackson Blvd Chicago, IL 60604 (312) 353-2000 (800) 632-8431

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Louisville District Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Place Louisville, KY 40202

PART I APPENDIX E

FUNDING SOURCES

FUNDING SOURCES

This listing of funding sources was derived from the November 1998 *Watershed Action Guide for Indiana*, which is available from the Watershed Management Section of IDEM.

FEDERAL CONSERVATION AND WATERSHED PROGRAMS

Environmental Protection Agency

Section 319, 604(b), and 104(b)3 Grants

grants for conservation practices, water body assessment, watershed planning, and watershed projects. Available to non-profit or governmental entities. These monies, enabled by the clean water act, are funneled through the indiana department of environmental management. *See IDEM for details*.

U.S. Department of Agriculture (See county listings for local federal agency contacts.)

EQIP: Environmental Quality Incentive Program. Administered by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Conservation cost-share program for implementing Best Management Practices, available to agricultural producers who agree to implement a whole-farm plan that addresses major resource concerns. Up to \$50,000 over a 5- to 10-year period. Some parts of the state are designated Conservation Priority Areas and receive a larger funding allotments.

WRP: Wetland Reserve Program. Administered by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Easement and restoration program to restore agricultural production land to wetland. Easements may be for 10 years, 30 years, or permanent. Longer easements are preferred. Partnerships with other acquisition programs are encouraged. Restoration and legal costs are paid by NRCS. Landowner retains ownership of the property and may use the land in ways that do not interfere with wetland function and habitat, such as hunting, recreational development, and timber harvesting.

CRP: Conservation Reserve Program. Administered by the Farm Service Agency with technical assistance from NRCS. Conservation easements in certain critical areas on private property. Agricultural producers are eligible. Easements are for 10 or 15 years, depending on vegetative cover, and compensation payments are made yearly to replace income lost through not farming the land. Cost share is available for planting vegetative cover on restored areas.

WHIP: Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program. Administered by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Cost share to restore habitat on previously farmed land. Private landowners who are agricultural producers are eligible. Cost share up to 75%, and contracts are for 10 years.

FIP: Forestry Incentive Program. Administered by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Cost-share to assist forest management on private lands. Funds may be limited.

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

Partners for Wildlife: assistance for habitat restoration.

STATE CONSERVATION AND WATERSHED PROGRAMS IDNR Division of Soil Conservation

LARE: Lake & River Enhancement Program. Funds diagnostic and feasibility studies in selected watersheds and cost-share programs through local Soil & Water Conservation Districts. Project oversight provided through county-based Resource Specialists and Lake & River Enhancement Watershed Coordinators. Funding requests for Watershed Land Treatment projects must come from Soil & Water Conservation Districts. If a proposed project area includes more than one district, the affected SWCDs should work together to develop an implementation plan. The SWCDs should then apply for the funding necessary to administer the watershed project. Before applying for funding, the SWCDs should contact the Lake & River Enhancement Coordinators to determine (1) the appropriate watershed to include in the project, (2) if the proposed project meets the eligibility criteria, and (3) if funding is available.

IDNR Division of Fish & Wildlife

Classified Wildlife Habitat Program: Incentive program to foster private wildlife habitat management through tax reduction and technical assistance. Landowners need 15 or more acres of habitat to be eligible. IDNR provides management plans and assistance through District Wildlife Managers. See county listings.

Wildlife Habitat Cost-share Program: Similar to above.

IDNR Division of Forestry

Classified Forest Program: Incentive program to foster private forest management through tax reduction and technical assistance. Landowners need 10 or more acres of woods to be eligible. IDNR provides management plans and assistance through District Foresters. (See county listings.)

Classified Windbreak Act: Establishment of windbreaks at least 450 feet long adjacent to tillable land. Provides tax incentive, technical assistance through IDNR District Foresters.

Forest Stewardship Program & Stewardship Incentives Program: Cost share and technical assistance to encourage responsibly managed and productive private forests.

IDNR Division of Reclamation

Appalachian Clean Streams Initiative: Funds for acid mine drainage abatement.

IDNR Division of Nature Preserves

State Nature Preserve Dedication: Acquisition and management of threatened habitat.

IDEM Office of Water Management

State Revolving Fund: Available to municipalities and counties for facilities development. Will be available in 1999 for nonpoint source projects as well. Funding is through very low-interest loans.

Section 319 Grants: Available to nonprofit groups, municipalities, counties, and institutions for implementing water quality improvement projects that address nonpoint source pollution concerns. Twenty-five % match is required, which may be cash or inkind. Maximum grant amount is \$112,500. Projects are allowed two years for completion. Projects may be for land treatment through implementing Best Management Practices, for education, and for developing tools and applications for state-wide use.

Section 205(j) Grants, formerly called 604(b) Grants: Available to municipalities, counties, conservation districts, drainage districts. These are for water quality management projects such as studies of nonpoint pollution impacts, nonagricultural NPS mapping, and watershed management projects targeted to Northwest Indiana (including BMPs, wetland restoration, etc.)

Section 104(b)(3) Grants: These are watershed project grants for innovative demonstration projects to promote statewide watershed approaches for permitted discharges, development of storm water management plans by small municipalities, projects involving a watershed approach to municipal separate sewer systems, and projects that directly promote community based environmental protection. NOTE: the application time frame for IDEM=S grants programs is annually, by March 31st.

PRIVATE FUNDING SOURCES

National Fish and Wildlife Foundation

1120 Connecticut Avenue, NW Suite 900, Washington DC 20036. Nonprofit, established by Congress 1984, awards challenge grants for natural resource conservation. Federally appropriated funds are used to match private sector funds. Six program areas include wetland conservation, conservation education, fisheries, migratory bird conservation, conservation policy, and wildlife habitat.

Individual Utilities

Check local utilities such as IPALCO, CINergy, REMC, NIPSCO. Many have grants for educational and environmental purposes.

Indiana Hardwood Lumbermen=s Association

Indiana Tree Farm Program

The Nature Conservancy

Land acquisition and restoration.

Southern Lake Michigan Conservation Initiative

Blue River Focus Area Fish Creek Focus Area

Natural Areas Registry

Hoosier Landscapes Capitol Campaign

Conservation Technology Information Center (CTIC)

>Know Your Watershed= educational materials are available

Indiana Heritage Trust

Land acquisition programs

Ducks Unlimited

Land acquisition and habitat restoration assistance

Quail Unlimited

Pheasants Forever

Sycamore Land Trust

Acres Inc.

Land trust

Oxbow, Inc.

Land trust

SOURCES OF ADDITIONAL FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES

Catalog of Federal Funding Sources for Watershed Protection EPA Office of Water (EPA841-B-97-008) September 1997

GrantsWeb: http://web.fie.com/cws/sra/resource.htm